HAWAII IN THE SENATE. THE ANNEXATION RESOLUTION BE-CEIVED AND REFERRED.

It Will Be Reported Back To-Day-The Amerionn International Bank Bill Again Under Discussion—A Supplement to the War Revenue Bill Is Passed in the House. WASHINGTON, June 16.-Immediately after the opening of to-day's session of the Senate the joint resolution for the annexation of the Hawaltan Islands was received from the House, and was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations. The resolution will be reported back to the Senate at noon to-morrow and its consid-

eration begun in open session. Yesterday's overwhelming vote in the House of Representatives by which the apperation resolution was passed has broken the back of the opposition in the Senate. They had counted on a majority of 30, and had considered that it might amount to 50, but a clear majority of 118, and, worse than all, only three Republicans in the negative, was too much tor the Senate anti-annexationists, and there will be little or no ginger in their fight. The mest positive pre diction they are willing to make to-day is that the Senate will either pass the House resolution by July 1 or not at all. They probably mean this that if they are able to make any fight at all they can maintain a protracted flibuster. But the sentiment of the country has been so unmistakably revealed by the vote in the House of Representatives, that many of those who were yesterday inclined to vote against an nexation now stand ready to support it if a vote reached, and nearly all of those who were lukewarm er undecidediare to-day advocating a brief, vigorous debate and a vote within a week

That is the programme now. Senator Davis Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Rela tions, has called a special meeting of the committee fer to-morrow, when a faverable reporwill be ordered on the Newlands resolution, and it will be presented to the Senate at noon. One objection will carry the resolution over for a day, and if this objection is made, as it probably will be. Mr. Davis will oppose the usual weekly call up the resolution for discussion on Satur day. Its advocates have agreed among them selves to remain dumb and force its opponents to do the talking.

Unless, therefore, the opponents of the Newlands resolution make speeches, a vote can be had almost immediately, and Senator David will very soon after the resolution is reported ask that night sessions be had for the purpose of disposing of the subject at once, Congress will be ready to adjourn in a week or ten days from new, and by that time the programme of the anti-annexationists in the Senate will be made manifest. If Chairman Davis succeeds in keeping the Senate to his pregramme its opponents can only defeat it by breaking a querum This they may attempt to do.

Several Senators who are opposed to the Newlands resolution, but who would not dare to vote against it, are preparing to leave town with an intention not to return this session. It may be, hewever, that they will be so successfully smoked out that they will be glad to return or

arrange pairs.

It was decided to-day not to have the Hawaiian discussion in executive session as at first intended. The door will remain open as long as the speechmaking does not go beyond what is proper for open session. Then the doors will be at least temporarily closed.

Senate bill for the restoration of annuities to to the Sisseton and Wahpeton bands of Dakota, or Sloux Indians, was taken up for consideration. Payment of these annuities was stoppe by act of Congress in 1863, in consequence of the Sloux massacre in Minnesota. The bill restores them until July 1, 1902, when the treaty terminates, but no person who took any part in the outrages and no descendant of such is to have any part of the money.

The bill was opposed by Mr. Allison (Rep., Ia.) who declared it to be a pure gratuity, which would cost \$5,000,000. At 2 o'clock the bill went over till te-morrow and the bill for the incorporation of the Inter-

national American Bank was taken up. Mr. Daniel (Dem., Va.) moved to strike out the seventh paragraph of the bill, which authorizes the bank to act as the financial agent of any nation, government, State, municipality, corporation or person. He speke of the bill as a mos comprehensive and far-reaching measure. It not only created an international bank, but it also created an international brokerage. It did not seem to have any association what-ever with the Government of the United position and the House adjourned. States, except to get the sanction and benefit of the Government's name. There was nothing in the bill disclosing that it was a regulation of commerce or one of the collective and subsidiary deputies of the Government to regulate commerce. It presented a new question in jurisprudence and a new phase national politics. There was no pretense, he said, that the proposed bank was to assist the Government in its fiscal operations. The Gov ernment had no fiscal operations in which it needed the assistance of this banking corporatien. The Government had provided the most ample means for meeting the financial requirements of the war. The proposed bank was a mere private corporation for commercial ad-

venture. It was a great trust.
"Under what ples," he continued, "are we invited to confer special privileges on certain enterprising gentlemen for their private gain? Why should we exempt them from individual liability! For no reason in the world except that they want to make money, and want us neip them to make money. I see no good in this bill. The United States does not lean on any cerporation; does not need any corporation in its financial operations. It does not affect to be even national. It wants to be international. We do not want to cover the isles of the sea or amy portion of the world with a network of financial juggiery, or with mortgages from which searched and the search of the world with a network of financial juggiery. help them to make money. I see no good in this

We do not want to cover the isles of the sea or any portion of the world with a network of financial jugglery, or with mortgages from which shrewd adventurers will derive profit. If we go to foreign countries with the strong hand of our army or with the grand spirit of our navy we want to go with our flag of hope, and not to practice the art of usury.

Mr. Caffrey (Dem., La.) replied to Mr. Daniel's argument and advocated the bill. To an inquiry by Mr. Daniel as to what efficacy a United States charter would have. Mr. Caffrey replied that it would have this efficacy: It would convey the assurance that, before the bank began business, such an amount of its capital stock had been paid up, and that constant supervision was carried on by the United States, that there was no "banking on wind," and no fraudulent banking. As to the argument on the other side that foreign exchange had nothing to do with the exchange of commodities. Mr. Caffrey asserted that foreign commerce is bottomed on foreign exchange. The transfer of bills transfers the property.

Mr. Foraker (Ren. O.), having charge of the

that foreign commerce is bottomed on foreign exchange. The transfer of bills transfers the property.

Mr. Foraker (Rep., O.), having charge of the bill, replied to some of the legal and constitutional points urged against it. He argued particularly that bills of exchange are instruments of commerce; that it is therefore within the province of Congress to charter a bank to Issue such bills, and that Congress had that power under the clause of the Constitution which charges it with the regulation of commerce. "While the mere issuing of a bill of exchange," while the building of a ship or the construction of a railroad is not commerce, yet, when Congress facilitates the issuing of bills of exchange or the building of a ship or the construction of a railroad, Congress is engaged in 'regulating commerce.' While there is no actual necessity for the establishment of this bank, it would be a great convenience, and that is authority enough to make valid and constitutional the bill which we are urging Congress to pass.

Mr. Bacon (Dom., Gi.) asked what power was lacking in a bank of New York city to establish branches in other countries.

Mr. Foraker denied that any national or State bank of New York had authority to establish branches in other countries.

Mr. Foraker denied that any national or State bank of New York had authority to establish branches in other countries.

Mr. Foraker sent to the Clerk's desk and had read a letter from a New York butter merchant, Mr. Kurzman, showing that on a draft of \$3.509 on Bahla he had to pay in commissions \$48.17, not counting loss of interest through a delay of over three mouths. "What we need," the letter continue, "is an international bank, United States steamship lines, and seciprocity."

Mr. Bacon called attention to the fact that a Mr. Bacon called attention to the fact that a merced when the country we have the statement of the state of the country we have the statement of the state of the country we have the statement of the state of the country we have the statement of t

seciprocity."

Mr. Bacon called attention to the fact that a clegram read by Mr. Quay yesterday in relation to the charter of the Manufacturers of America came from a Mr. Search, who was one he incorporators named in that bill and was also named as an incorporator in the

sho was also hamed as an incorporator in the sending bill.

Mr. Foraker did not see anything very remarkable in that circumstance, as Mr. Search vas a live, active man, who had been engaged or years in trying to build up and develop trade of the flouth American countries.

The vote was taken on Mr. Daniel's amendment to strike out the seventh paragraph, and twins rejected—yeas 17; nays, 28.

Mr. Teller (cil. Rep., Col.) opposed the bill and afu that the trouble did not lie in bills of extended that the trouble did not lie in bills of extended that the trouble did not lie in bills of extended that the trouble did not lie in bills of extended that the trouble did not lie in bills of extended the second of the lie of th

merce between the United States and South American countries. If the proposed bank were chartered, bilis of exchange on Bahia and Rio Jameiro would go by the way of London and Paris, and there would be no direct advantage

Mr. Sewell (Rep., N. J.) advocated the bill and argued that the establishment of an international bank would tend to the encouragement and growth of trade with the South American countries. As a business man he heartly concurred in the pending measure.

The bill went over without action.
The Senate bill to regulate the sitting of the United States courts within the District of South Carolina was passed.

After an executive session the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

The Big General Deficiency Bill Comes Up for

WARRINGTON, June 16.-Speaker Reed being still indisposed, Representative Dalsell pre sided over the session of the House to-day. Mr. Dingley (Rep., Me.) reported from the Committee on Ways and Means a bill supplemental to the War Revenue bill, and it was passed. Mr. Dingley explained that it was made necessary because, in the opinion of the Solicitor of the Treasury, there were serious omissions in certain amendments added to the oill by the Senate.

The bill provides that inventories of articles subject to tax which has not been paid, or of legacies held in trust on which the tax shall not have been paid, shall be flied in duplicate at such times as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue may require; that casualty, fidelity and guarantee insurance companies, carrying on business solely for their own protection and not for profit, and having no capital stock, shall be exempt from the tax; that taxes imposed by the bill not payable by stamp shall be assesse and collected as other internal revenue taxes are collected; that failure to affix stamps when no specific penalty is prescribed shall be punshed by a fine of \$50; that gross annual receipts to be taxed shall be for the year beginning July 1; that the stamps on domestic money order shall be affixed by the person to whom they are Revenue be authorized to make all needful rules

and regulations to carry the law into effect. By unanimous consent the Senate bill estab lishing sub-ports of entry and delivery at Sabine Pass and Port Arthur, Tex., with an amend-ment proposed by the Committee on Ways and Means striking out Port Arthur, was taken up,

and for an hour the conflict between the two towns raged on the floor of the House. The amendment was agreed to, 98 to 64, and as amended the bill passed.

A bill was passed authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Niagara River by the Niagara River Tunnel Company.

The House then proceeded, in Committee of the Whole, to consider the General Deficiency bill.

Mr. Cannon (Rep., Ill.). Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, said that the policy had been adopted of providing in the bill, on account of war expenditures, only for the first six months of the fiscal year. Congress would be in session in December and could provide then for the ensuing period. Altogother, with the amount carried in this bill, \$371,000,000 had been appropriated on account of the very the ensuing period. Altogether, with the amount carried in this bill, \$371,000,000 had been appropriated on account of the war. The bill being read for amendment, an appropriation of \$50,000 was inserted for the expenses of the proposed Canadian Commission. A provision was also inserted ceding jurisdiction for the service of civil and criminal process, to the several States in which it is located, the territory occupied by national soldiers homes. The bill contained one item of \$163,000 deficiency for the current year for free delivery service. This brought out from Mr. Loud (Rep., Cal.), Chairman of the Committee on Post Office and Post Roads, a reputition of his criticism against the administration of the Post Office Department, which, he said, operated to expend more money than Congress appropriated for a specific object, an expenditure in deliberate, wanton defiance of an appropriation. To secure this deficiency and to justify the expenditure, Mr. Loud asserted that department officials had been guilty of transmitting to Congress and ficial communication that contained diture, Mr. Loud asserted that department officials had been guitty of transmitting to Congress an official communication that contained a faisehood. He called attention to this matter, he said, in the hope that in the future such actions would not be permitted.

Mr. Johnson (Rep., N. D.) joined Mr. Loud in his criticism. The expenditure, he said, violated the fundamental principle of republican government, the separation of legislative and executive functions in administration. The Post Office Denartment in this matter had usurped

ment, the separation of legislative and executive functions in administration. The Post
Office Department in this matter had usurped
the functions of Congress, and he expressed the
fear that the item covered a scandal unequalled
in the history of the British Parliament and the
American Congress for 200 years. He failed to
specify, however, and also declined the invitation of several numbers of the Committee on
Appropriations to move to strike it out of the
bill Mr. Cannon (Rep., Ill.) explained that the

Committee on Appropriations found itself con-fronted with this alternative, either to make this appropriation or to suspend or disarrange the carrier service for the remainder of the year. The committee decided to make the appropria-

A desultory but animated debate ensued upon the power of heads of executive departments to

Washington, June 16.-The following bills vere passed in the Senate to-day:

were passed in the Senate to-day:
To authorize the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad Company to straighten and restore the channel
of the South Canadian River at the point of the road's
crossing in fadian Territory.

Extending the time for the construction of the St,
Louis, Oklahoma and Southern Hallroad through
the Indian Territory and Oklahoma Territory,
Extending for three years the time for the construction of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Hallway
through the Indian Territory.
Appropriating \$100,000 for the immediate repair of
the reservoir dam at Lake Winnibigobiah, Minn.
Granting lands to Alabams for the use of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Alabams for
negroes, and of the State Normal College at Florence,
Ala.

For the protection of sub-surface pipes, cables, wires, &c., in the District of Columbia from danger of electrolysis.

Appropriating \$97,000 for work on ironolads by Beaney, Son & Archibold, Chester, Pa.

Appropriating \$17,000 for royalty on rifle projectiles, &c., to Dr. John B. Read.

POSTAL ORDERS PAYABLE ABROAD. The Rates for the Conversion of Our Money

Into Foreign Money Reduced. WASHINGTON, June 16 .- On July 1 the Post Office Department will materially reduce the basis of conversion of United States money into the money of various foreign countries, so far as relates to the issue of postal money orders. The new rates will be of marked orders. The new rates will be of marked advantage to intending remitters, as shown in the following examples: For a postal order for 400 marks, payable in Germany, the department has heretofere charged \$97, but will thereafter charge but \$98; for an order for 500 francs, payable in Austria, Belgium, France, Hungary, Italy, Luxemburg, or Switzerland, the rate has been \$98.75, but will be reduced to \$97.09; for an order for 100 milreia, payable in Portugal, the rate has been \$98, but will be \$80.

Officers of the Supreme Ledge, Mutghts of

WASHINGTON, June 16 .- The Supreme Lodge of the Knights of Honor to-day elected the fol-lowing officers: Supreme Dictator, J. Warner Geheen of Pennsylvania; Supreme Vice-Dic-Goheen of Fennsylvania; Supreme Vice Michael Lator, John P. Shannon of Georgia; Supreme Assistant Dictator, Douglass S. Briggs of Massachusetts; Supreme Reporter, B. F. Nelson of Missouri; Supreme Treasurer, Jos. W. Branch of Missouri; Supreme Chaplain, H. M. Hone of Virginia; Supreme Guide, John H. Hancock of Kentucky; Supreme Guardian, J. R. Cole of Texas; Supreme Sentinel, Frank Sliger of Arkansas.

rkansas. Detroit was selected as the next meeting place.

Contributions to the War Fund, WASHINGTON, June 16 .- The Treasurer of the United States has received donations of \$5 each to help defray the expenses of the war from the councils of the Junior Order of American Mechanics at Gallipolis and Bellaire, O., and Au-rora, Ind. Suitable certificates of deposit will be forwarded the donors.

Smalle's Nemication Confirmed. WASHINGTON, June 16 .- The Senate confirmed large number of nominations for appointment in the volunteer army. Also that of Robert Smalls to be Collector of Customs at Beau-fort, S. C.

Burgiars Steal Bynawite

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., June 16,-The powder house of the Stone Storage Company, at Kingston, near here, was entered by burglars last night. The thieves secured a number of sticks of dynamite, a box of explosive caps and some fuse from the slock of explosives in the place. It is thought they stole the dynamite to use in blowing open safes. The Stone Storage Company used the dynamite for blasting purposes.

Held for Murdering Their Mother.

LYNN, Mass., June 16 .- Mrs. Julia C. Brown, widow, 71 years old, was found murdered in her bed at her home. SO Ashland street, yester-day. The dead wem-n's two sons, Krnest and William E., aged respectively 42 and 40 years, are locked up at the police station on suspicion, awaiting an investigation of the case.

ORR'S TERMS TO GOULD. MANHATTAN'S OFFER FOR WEST STREET FRANCHISE RIDDLED.

the Rapid Transit Sourd Insists That the

Extension Shall Be Built Within Five Years and That the Rental Therefor Shall Ba S Per Cent. of the tires Recripts. The Rapid Transit Commission, through its President, Alexander E. Orr, made answer yes terday to the proposition submitted by George J. Gould on behalf of the Manhattan Elevated road for the right to build the West street exension. The board insists that the extension shall be built in three years; that the crossings on Sixth avenue and Greenwich street shall no be at grade; that the Manhattan Company shall covenant not to oppose the construction of other rapid transit roads on the streets affected by the franchise if they do not cross its line a grade or interfere with the working of the road hat if the West street franchise is to be taker alone, the rental shall be 5 per cent, of the gross receipts of the line instead of 16 of 1 per cent., proposed by the Manhattan Company that the penalty for non-completion of the line n the time specified shall be \$200 a day; that the arbitration for the readjustment of the rent al at the end of the period of the franchise namely, twenty-five years, shall be general and that the arbitrators shall not be bound except by the average rental during the first term as a minimum; that reasonable conveniences shall be provided for all-night travel; that the agree ment shall specify the exact location of sta tions; that the company shall consent to the in-tervention of the board or the municipal au thorities in every litigation that may delay construction, and that, if the board so deter nines, the grant shall become void unless within three months after it is given the Man hattan Company obtains the consent of the municipal authorities.

The board is willing to give the company the right to convert its two-track railway into a three-track system provided the details of the columns and the height and the crossings are submitted to it for approval. The board is also willing that the railroad shall be deflected from West street upon the marginal wharf provided the Dock Board has no objection The board likewise gives up the idea of having general authority over the details of construc tion. Concerning the obligation to construct

"You convert the obligation to build into a nere option to be exercised when your company pleases. This the board will not allow. It would tend to defeat, not to promote, rapid transit. Your provisions for obviating grade crossings at Sixth avenue and Greenwich street

transit. Your provisions for obvisting grade crossings at Sixth avenue and Greenwich street are that they may be done if and when the Manhattan Company shall see fit, and so in other proposed clauses of the franchise.

You augment the period of delay beyond the three years so as to include the time taken in making application to property owners. You strike out the provision that allowance shall be made only so far as the proceedings 'shall necessarily and unavoidably prevent' your prosecution of the work, and 'so far only as the same shall be diligently prosecuted by 'your company, and the further provision that no delay shall be allowed for any proceeding in which the board or the city may not intervene.

"These differences are vital. You ask for time equal to the delay caused by obstructions, which every man practically familiar with business of this kind knows that your company can create when, to the extent that, and as it pleases. Your povision about time consumed by legal proceedings is particularly objectionable. Actual construction can be easily completed within one year. The board allowed you three years, and to this added time equal to the delay unavoidably caused by proceedings before the Appellate Division, or by actual injunction or for condemning right of way. Any such proceeding might unavoidably cause delay—possibly serious delay: but in each such case some end of the proceeding could be foreseen. But the proposal to allow you the time consumed by all the possible suits that may be brought, whether in fact they hinder you or not, seems to the board to be utterly unreasonable.

"Any owner of property having any motive to extend the time of your company to construct, might bring a lawsuit. An indefinite number of such lawsuits might be brought or on after another; and, according to the course of legal procedure, several years might be 'unavoidably' consumed in every one of those suits, Under your text of the franchise your company could, if it desired delay, promote litigation. If you answer to th

evitably tends in some measure to preven other rapid transit relief. If the franchise b other rapid transis relief. If the franchise be granted the city must be protected—not by your desire to serve the interests of the city, but by your legal obligation to do what the fran-chise calls upon you to do. That is the kind of protection you require in your contracts with other companies or with the city. Not to give the city as good security would be a reckless im-providence on our part.

"This board, as it is at present constituted.

a more option to provide rapid transit facili-ties. If any company obtain from this board a right to occupy the streets of the city to the ex-clusion of others, it will obtain it only by as-suming a positive and enforceable obligation to the city."

suming a positive and enforceable obligation to the city.

Concerning non-interference with other rapid transit roads, Mr. Orr says:

"The board will not assure your company against competition of an underground railroad along the same routes, or, in streets of great width, as West street, even the competition of some other elevated railroad. The contractor who undertakes the proposed municipal railroad will not under the statute, be free from this possibility of competition. There is no reason that your company should be free from it."

Mr. Orr takes up Mr. Gould's letter of May 6

reason that your company should be free from it."

Mr. Orr takes up Mr. Gould's letter of May 6, in which some unpleasant things were said about the Rapid Transit Commissioners. "The board declines," said Mr. Orr, "to enter into the cemparison you see fit to make between the fairness and loyalty to the public interest of the board and those of your company. The problem before the board is a practical one, namely, to secure from your company a positive undertaking to speedily afford rapid transit relief, and we regret that you have deemed it wise to make so serious a discussion an occasion for assertions and innuendoes which are wholly irrelevant to the subject under consideration. There are, however, some statements in your letter which the board must correct.

"The proposed contract [for the tunnel] does not terminate the underground road, either practically or theoretically, either for a generation to, come or for any time, at 185th street on the west side or at 149th street on the east side. On the west side it extends the road to the Kingsbridge station of the New York and Putnam Railroad, being two and a half miles further than you state. Said on the east side to Bronx Park, being over three miles further than you state. The provision to which you apparently refer, requiring the contractor to construct the northern section on each side last, is simply a sensible precaution to provent there shall be anjunconstructed link on either the railroad shall be so built that the necessary portions of it downtown shall be completed before work is done on the portions uptown, which will be of no use until the portions downtown are complete. This is the more important in view of the possibility of delay in providing a portion of the cost of the road.

"The board never gave to the public of the city or to any one the crude assurance you imagine as to the completeness of its plan, nor have the Commissioners of courts relied upon any such assurance. The board gave no assurance, the board has always made it clear to the la

senting opposing property owners. It was upon such testimony that Commissioners and courts relied. The board has always made it clear to the last degree that the system it now proposes for municipal construction has been limited by the amount which the city may now spend. Moreover, the board has always made it clear that, in its opinion, the execution of its own rapid transit plans suited to the growth of the metropolis. The board has given no assurance that an entire comprehensive system would cost the city \$35,000,000; but it has expressed its opinion, based upon the best expertadvice, that the system now proposed by it can be constructed for about \$30,000,000.

"You say that the board proposes to tax all five boroughs of the city in the sum of \$35,000,000. The hoard proposes to tax neither the city nor any of its boroughs for construction; nor does the statute contemplate any such taxation. On the contrary, no contract can be made until a contractor shall be found who undertakes with ample security to pay the entire interest upon the city's long term bonds, from which alone the cost of construction is to be defrayed, and, in addition, as annual contribution to a sinking fund sufficient to pay the entire principal of the bonds within a comparatively short period.

"You say that the constitutional debt limit is now exceeded by \$50,000,000, and that the board irmores this crisis. The error of this is now audiciently apparent.

"You ask why, it the Manhattan Company will immediately tunnel the Boulevard, it should not be permitted to do so, and why a tunnel built by the city. But the bound on the Porposed municipal railroad sproved as such by the municipal authorities and the Appellate Division. This board has negative as an enterpretadent surrendering the municipal authorities and the Appellate Division. This board has negative as an enterpretadent surrendering the municipal authorities and the Appellate Division.

pal railroad not only on the Boulevard, but the entire road from the City Hall to Kings-bridge and Bronx Park. It is difficult to be-lieve that you have not been advised that a con-cession to your company of the section of the Boulevard is an absolute surrender by the board of the plan now proposed of municipal construction.

board of the plan now proposed of municipal construction.

"Your statement as to the rewers and water mains on Amsterdam avenue is inexact, for your engineers will advise you that the subsurface of Amsterdam avenue is solid rock; and that the tunnel would in any event need to be carried far below the sewers and water mains, which, without trouble or expense to your company, would be supported by the rock. We are advised that the cost of constructing your tunnel under Amsterdam avenue would not exceed the cost of constructing the slevated railroad on the Roulevard, increased by the damnges your company would have to pay to owners of abutting property."

CONFESSION TO POLICE LET IN. Objected To on the Trial of Levi Pullison for

Levi Pullison, accused of strangling his white wife, Katie Shea, was on trial yesterday in the criminal branch of the Supreme Court before fustice Fursman and a jury. The woman was found dead in her apartment at 327 West I wenty-ninth street early on the morning of March 11. Capt. McClusky, Chief of the De tective Bureau, testified that Pullison had made confession to him. Pullison's statement had a confession to him. Pullison's statement had been taken down in shorthand by Detective Hughes. In his statement Pullison said that he had become suspicious of his white wife, who worked as a waiters in a west side restaurant. On the night of March 10 he followed the woman from her place of employment to Tenth avenue, where he saw her meet a strange man. Several hours later, when she had returned to their home on West Twenty-nint street, Pullison accused her of being unfaithful. She called him a lar, and then he grabbed her by the throat and lar, and then he grabbed her by the throat and cused her of being unfaithful. She called him a lar, and then he grabbed her by the throat and choked her. He did not intend to kill her. Counsel for the defendant objected to the admission of Capt, McClusky's testimony on the ground that the alleged confession was made under a threat. Capt, McClusky said that the confession was made voluntarily. The testimony was admitted. The case will probably ge to the jury to-day.

PLANNED TO KILL GETER.

Plot Against the Pamous Betective, Accor ing to Lissic De Knib's Testimony.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., June 16.-Lizzie De Kalb o-day produced letters in the Clemmer murder trial which Clemmer had written ber shortly after her arrest, and which told of his fidelity to her. He implored her to stand by him while he was hiding in New York, Newark, and other places. She also recited Clemmer's plots for two other murders. His intended victims were the famous Philadelphia detective. Frank Geyer, and Bank Clerk Hughes of Norristown. Gever, four days after the Kaiser murder, was Geyer, four days after the Kaiser murder, was to be lured to Clemmer's home by Clemmer, and while Lizzie De Kaib was engaging him in conversation Clemmer was to kill him with a black pack because he knew toe much about Clemmer, Hughes was marked because Clemmer had learned through a newspaper that he told the Commonwealth of seeing Kaiser and his wife shortly before and in the neighborhood of the tragedy, and minutely described Clemmer and the "woman in black" following. Clemmer said that with Hughes out of the way the prosecution's star witness against Kaiser would be gone.

gone.

Detective John C. Cosgrove of Newark told of Clemmer's arrest at Newark by Detective Stainsby. Clemmer acknowledged his identity and said: "The jig's up. You want me for a job in Norristown?" At the same time Clemmer produced news paper clippings which he said would "tell all."

RILLED A FREIGHT CAR THIEF Battle Between Constables and Thioves on the Pennsylvania Lines.

READING, Pa., June 16 .- For a few months gangs of thieves have been breaking open and robbing freight cars of the Pennsylvania Railroad and the Reading Railroad companies. Late last night the constabulary of Phonixville, below Reading, were summoned hastily to the tunnel of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, having been told that a gang of thieves were operating at a car. Four officers responded and creeping along a line of cars in the darkness they saw six men breaking into a car. Suddenly the thieves heard or saw the posses and ran. Gaining an elevation they stopped, turned, pulled their revolvers and fired volleys at the officers. The officers responded with their pistols and for ten minutes battle went on.

Then the officers charged up the hill and the thieves broke and ran, leaving one of their number lying dead on the bank. He had been shot through the head and killed instantly. None of the officers was hurt. The body was taken to the local morgue and the clothes searched. A letter was found indicating that the man was Edward Harrisof Cohoes, N. Y. He was about 24 years old. His tramp companions escaped. having been told that a gang of thieves wer

A POISONER HANGED. Stood at the Bedsides of His

Folson, Cal., June 16.-Frank Belew, who poisoned his brother and sister at Dixon last fessed the crime, made his will, and bequeathed ressed the crime, made his will, and bequeathed property valued at about \$2,000 to his wife, to be held in trust for his small boys. For the sake of a little property which he might inherit at their death. Belew poisoned his brother and sister, and, after administering the fatal dose, stood at their bedsides and saw them die.

Orient, I. L. Loses Its Historical Windmit ORIENT, L. I., June 16.-This village mourns the loss of the oldest windmill in this section of features of Orient. The windmill has been sold to John H. Starin, and was loaded on a scow yesterday and towed away. It took four days to move the mill from the place where it has to move the lift from the place where it has stood for nearly a century to the deck of the scow. Justice E. M. Rackett tried to prevent the removal of the old mill. He offered to pur-chase the land on which it stood, but the owner refused to set a price until ofter the windmill was removed. It is understood that Mr. Starin paid \$500 for the windmill.

The Results at Latesia.

CINCINSATI, June 16.—Haro, J. Welch's two-year old colt, by Imp. Rossington—Rend B., won the Harold Stakes, \$1.100 net value, at Latonia to-day. The Barrister, odds-on favorite, failed to even show. The judges disailowed a claim that Judge Tarvin, the heavily played second choice, was fonied by Conley, who is Col. Jack Chinn's colored "find," but notified Conley that as there had been such complaints before, this would be their last warning, liley Grannan was on the block to-day for Col. Applegate and the owners of the syndicate bookmaking privileges, and will remain during the meeting, going from here to Washington Park. Chicago, Summariest First Race—Six and one-half furlongs.—Covington. Ry., 101 (Knight), 6 to 1, won; Terramine, 101 (Southard), 8 to 1, second; Braxey, 99 (Houston), 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:223, 8 econd Race—Five furlongs.—Beans, 112 (Britton), 9 to 5, won; Piccalo, 109 (Matthews), 2 to 1, second; Braxes, 108 (Clay), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:024, 2 to 1, won; Great Bend, 101 (Dupee), 7 to 10, second; Bram, 107 (Beauchamp), 11 to 5, third. Time, 1:404, Fourth Race—the Harold Stakes: five furlongs.—Mazo, 121 (Conley), 6 to 1, won; Billy House, 110 (Batthews), 7 to 1, second; Judge Tarvin, 110 (Everett), 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:03, 4. Fifth Race—Seven furlongs.—Alleviate, 112 (Conley), 6 to 5, won; Martha II, 113 (Matthews), 5 to 7, second; Judge Tarvin, 110 (Everett), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:03.

Fifth Race—Seven furlongs.—Alleviate, 112 (Conley), 6 to 5, won; Martha II, 113 (Matthews), 5 to 7, second; Judge Tarvin, 110 (Everett), 8 to 1, won; Martha II, 113 (Matthews), 6 to 1, second Sudge Tarvin, 110 (Everett), 8 to 1, won; Martha II, 113 (Matthews), 6 to 1, second Sudge Tarvin, 110 (Everett), 8 to 1, won; Martha II, 113 (Matthews), 6 to 1, second Sudge Tarvin, 110 (Everett), 8 to 1, won; Martha II, 113 (Matthews), 6 to 1, second Sudge Tarvin, 110 (Everett), 8 to 1, second Sudge Tarvin, 110 (Everett), 8 to 1, second Sudge Tarvin, 110 (Everett), 8 to 1, second Sudge Tarvin The Results at Latents second; Lillian Bell, 112 (Nutt), 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:2814.

sixth Race—Six and one-half furlongs.—Board-marker, 101 (Clay), 3 to 1, won; Star of Bethle-hem. 98 (Southard), 5 to 1, second; Brightie 8., 96 (Kelly), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:22.

Recing to Bain and Mad.

Sr. Louis, June 18.—A heavy rainstorm transformed the Pair Grounds race track into a pond of water to-day. Notwithstanding this fact the regular programme was carried out, the first event bring run in a veritable downpour, with mud up to the fetlocks of the horses. The fourth race, the lirewers Hamticap, was the principal event on the card. Lee Pianter was the favorite, with Sir Gattan second choice at 7 to 2. Big Doctor Sam won handly by three lengths. Summaries:

to 2. Big Doctor Sam won handly by three lengths. Summaries:
First Bace—Five furlongs.—Genus. 105 (McDonaid),
fo 1, won: Mountain Dew. 105 (Gilmore), 4 to 1,
second; Tulla Fonso, 105 (Foucon), 8 to 5, third.
Tims, 1-08%.
Second Bace—Six furlongs.—Shield Bearer, 106
(Wilson), 200 to 1, won; Hunb, 103 (Sneil), 7 to 2,
second; Marzella, 90 (Leigh), 9 to 3, third. Time,
1:16%.
Third Race—One mils.—Kisme, 102 (McDonald), 4
to 1, won; Deerfoot, 89 (Woods), 3 to 1, second;
Weenatchie, 106 (Harrington), 40 to 1, third. Time,
1:45.
Fourth Bace—The Brewers Handicap; six furlongs. Weenatchie, 100 (Harrington), www.i, third. Time, 1-45.
Fourth Race—The Brewers Handicap; six furlongs. Dr. Sam, 100 (Glimore), 6 to 1, won; Leo Pianter, 117 (Foucon), 11 to 5, second; Sir Gatian, 109 (Burns), 3 to 1, third. Time, 1 tit.
Fifth Race—Six furlongs—Montgomerr, 107 (McIntyre), 2 to 2, won; Horse shoe Tothacco, 11 thirty. Dr. 3 to 2, won; Horse shoe Tothacco, 13 (Leigh), 6 to 1, second: Harry Duke, 109 (Combs), 2 to 1, third. Time, 1 1552.
Sixth Race—One mile and seventy yards.—David, 100 (McDonsiq), 3 to 1, won; Forbiash, 8 (Leigh), 5 to 1, second; Col. Gay, 106 (Smell), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:492.

Howard Guild's Bingars Arrives Here. Howard Gould's new steel steam yacht, the

lagara, arrived here last evening from the Niagara, arrived fiere last evening from the yard of her builders. Harlan & Hollingsworth, Wilmington, Del. She anchored outside the bar and will come up to the city this morning. She has aboard a lot of selected coal, which she will use on her trial trip. It is expected that she will make fourteen knots. There is a party aboard of her, including, it is said, her owner and Miss Katherine Clemmons. The yacht was recently offered to the Government, and she was inspected by the naval board.

GOLF EXPERTS TO MEET. OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP WILL BE DE-

CIDED ON THE MYOPIA LINKS.

George E. Armstr James Park... A. E. Patterson... C. L. Williams

B. S. Horne.
John Moorhead, Jr.
W. N. Murray
J. B. Shea.
O. D. Thompson....

Team total

ALLEGHENY COUNTRY CLUB

CINCINNATI GOLF CLUB.

CLEVELAND COUNTRY CLUB

RLP IL'S GOLD CUP.

for Lerillard's Sandin.

LONDON, June 16.-The star event of the As-

ot Heath meeting, the race for the Gold Cup,

was run to-day. M. J. de Bremond's ch. c. Eif

II., a French entry, won. Eight horses ran.

The field for the cup was the most unique in

the history of the English turf. Five of the

eight starters were French horses, including

the winner of the cup in 1897, Masque II. A

great many Paris sportsmen crossed the Chan-

heavily. There was a brilliant assemblage upon

The Gold Cup, value 1,000 acvertigms, with 3,000 acvertigms in specie, out of which the second shall receive 700 acvertigms and the third 300 acvertigms added to a sweep makes of 20 sovereigns; about two miles and a half:

Analogy. . lobell's ch. h. The Rush, 6 years, by Barcaldine—Whiripool

Gravesend Paddeck.

of the collection was P. J. Dwyer's useful three

loggett Miriam Claire, b. r., 2, by Hanover—Aurania; R. C. Doggett.
Chanier, b. c., 2, by Hyderabad—Ella T.; Mr. Cash.
Haytime, b. c., 2, by Rousseau—Haytime; Mr.

Knatin Holdup, ch. e., S. by Hanover-Florence E.; W. H. Clark Hopscotch, b. or br. c., S. by Hanover-Glen Belle; W. H. Clark Bharples, b. c., S. by Hindoo-Becky Sharpe; R. C. Doggett.

Total for eleven head.....verage per head.....

Federal, br. c., 2, by Kingston-Forethought; W. McGlynsy Campus, b. c., 2, by Kingston-Starke; H. Jones.

Jean Ingelow, b. f., 2, by Bermuda—Laura Stone: James Monroe. Shrew. ch. f., 2, by imp. Sir Modred—Tyranny: H. W. Snoth.

The Wind-Up at Mincels MINEOLA, June 16 .- The thirty-second spring

meeting of the Queens County Agricultural So-

ciety was brought to a successful close late this

afternoon. When the fun began on the track

there were 5,000 persons present. The trotting

was good and every event was hotly contested

The one-mile handicap bicycle race was won by

G. W. Miller of the B. A. C. Time, 2 minutes 22 2.5 seconds. August Munz, whose brother Frank held the track record of 2 minutes 9 2-5 seconds, covered the mile in 2 minutes 9 seconds. Summaries:

Simeta, br. m.
Time—S:21%, M:18%, S:19%.

Bloog v. Shadow, b. m. Dixle, bls. g. Time—8:264, 2:384, 2:3049.

Lizzle Holden, b. m. Time—E:27, E:29, E:30.

Time-2:27, 2:30, 2:30.

The 2:20 class, left over from yesterday, was inished this morning. The final heat was won by McLaughlin Maid and the purse was divided as follows: First, Crescent; McLaughlin Maid, econd; Agnes Morrill, third; Allio Tare, fourth.

Payerites Bowled Over at Harlem

How the Herees Finished at Detroit.

DETROIT, June 16.—The following are the results of

Definite, line 10.—The following are the results of the races here to-day:
First Race—Three quarters of a mile.—Lenner, 103
James, 7 to 10, won; Judge Wartell, 96 (Powers),
4 to 1, second; Takanassee, 109 (Clay), 3 to 1, third.
Time, 1145;
Se ond Race—One-half mile.—Cole Brooks, 103
(Finit, 15 to 1, won; Contravene, 105 (Sherland), 6
to 1, second; Amah, 105 (Clay), 3 to 1, third. Time,
Clavia.
Third Race—Seven-eighths of a mile.—Ray H., 104
(Clay), 20 to 1, won; Jim Flood, 109 (Sherland), 15 to 1, second; Helmars, 105 (Paterman), 3 to 1, third.
Time, 1139;
Fourth stace—Seven-eighths of a mile.—On slasks,
100 (Smillvan), 6 to 1, won; Lauresta D., 104 (oher-

109 (bullivan), 6 to 1, wost Lurretta D. 104 (cher-land), 10 to 1, second: Lutter Hunter, 102 (Mason). 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:20-2. Fifth Race—One mile,—Alice Farley, 30 (Hason). 8 to 3, won Our Johany, 110 (Semmeyer), 3 to 1, sec-ond; Horace, 102 (Sheetand), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1481.

2:16 class, trotting:

2:30 class, pacing: Not Vina, ch. m. Dr. Dewey, ch. g. Nellie M. H., bik. m. ...

Sidane, b. m Royal King, blk. g. George E., blk. g. Marchmount, b. g...

S:00 class, trottings

2:89 class, trotting: foutgomery, br. g...... foucester's First, b. m.

PROPERTY OF M. F. DWYER.

PROPERTY OF J. E. M'CORMICK. Regulator, ch. c., 4, by imp. Order-Lucy Wal-

PROPERTY OF SYDNEY PAGET.

ate prices. Summary

ond's ch. c. Elf II. 5 years, by Unas.

nel to witness the race and backed the winner

The French Colt Wins at Ascet Heath-Victor

Team tetal

W. W. Lowry

First Competition at Seventy-two Moles, Modal Play, the Same as in Great Britain—Critica Believe That SEO or Thereabouts Will Be the Best Score-List of Probable Starters Boston, June 16 .- Speculation ran riot at the Myopia Hunt Club to-day concerning the outome of the open championship in golf. The course was thronged with professionals and amateurs, and as 40 was the average score returned, which was one less than bogie, there are unlimited opportunities for guessing about the outcome. It is the first time that the United States Golf Association has held the open championship apart from the amateur event, and also for the first time the competition is to be at seventy-two holes, medal play. This is the same as it is in Great Britain. where, when Harry Vardon won at Prestwick only a few days ago, he made the seventy-two holes in 306, an average of 7619 for each eighteen. It is not expected that this total will be equalled in the present contest, for, although the course is tamer than Prestwick, it is coneded that the relative skill is not as high as in the event in Great Britain, which makes maters all even. The best judges of golf at Myo pia, in spite of the dazzling practice rounds in 40, believe that 830 will be the best score, er even 332. To make the latter score calls for four rounds of 404, which is cutting three-quarters of a stroke off the bogie score on each of the eight nine-hole rounds. In spite of this a visiting golfer who followed Curis in the intercollegiate championship at Ardsley, and who is familiar with the recent private form of Tyng, Shaw, and Sweney, asserted today that unless 320 was scored an amateur would beat all the professionals for the first prize and the title.

Professionals are always expected to play golf like machines, yet as a matter of fact there is not one in the ranks who is as steady as W. J. Travis, the amateur of the Oakland Club; while, as young muscles must always win, there are nany amateurs like H. M. Harriman of Meadow Brook, who will outgrive the seasoned veterans two times out of three. But where the professional gains is in his coolness at the most critical moment of a match, which enables him to strive for a dashing play at an instant when an amateur would be in a blue funk. Still, with the luck with him any of the amateurs engaged is capable of a great game which will bring

the luck with him any of the amateurs engaged is capable of a great game which will bring forth a score that the most dashing of professionals cannot withstand. On the other side Bail and Hilton have wen open championships, and it is evident from the side refinarks heard at Myopia that there are some who think the time has come for an amateur to make the same record in this country. To-morrow's play will settle these donots.

The annateurs were all out on the course to-day, and in most cases their preliminary work was up to winning form. But practice rounds at golf are like the morning gallops at a race course. Too much cannot be depended on them, for they are often delusions and shares. In one practice game H. C. Leeds, the amateur, and Finlay played a thirty-six hole foursome with Quincy Shaw, amateur, and Lloyd, the present open champion in this country. Leeds and Finlay, who holds the record for Myopia at 77, were 1 up until the thirty-fifth hole, which Shaw and Lloyd won, making the match all square, Playing the odd at the home hole, Leeds laid a half stimie for Lloyd, who putted and knocked in both balls, making the match at le. Lloyd is playing very evenly, and claims a 79 for eighteen holes to-day. Willie Campbell made a 78 and Willie Dunna 79.

Two Chicago golfers, Foulls, open champion of 1896, and Frod Herd, were also on the links. Each made a single round in 40, but neither repeated, in spite of many trials. Ben Nicoll of Leoox is also in the 40 division for one round. Horace Rawlins, open champion of 1895, would not tell his scores, but he seemed well satisfied. A dark horse of the match is Mungo Park, Jr., who has been on the links a week and going in grand golding sityle. The list of starters, with the clubs they represent, will be about as follows:

the clubs they represent, will be about as follows:

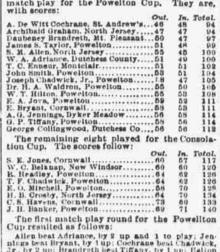
Will Dunn, New York; Mungo Park, Jr., Dyker Meadow; James Foulia, Chlosgo G. C.; Stanley Turpie, Onwentala G. C.; W. Hunter, Prestwick, Scotland; W. Cann, Pittsburg G. C.; Willie Campbell and A. H. Finlay, Boston; Willie Cellina, Richmond County; John Jenes, Myopla; C. R. Jannaen, Cape Cod: Ben Nicoli, Lenox; Joe Łloyd, Essez County; A. C. Griffiths, Weat Brook; W. E. Stoodart, prooking: Alexander Smith, Chicago G. C.; Fred Herd, Chicago G. C.; F. E. Rigden, Gardeo City; C. Cobry, Newport G. C.; T. McAndrews, Chicago G. C.; C. Thomson, Troon, Scotland; W. F. Davis, Newport G. C.; W. Anderson, Baltuarol G. C.; W. Smith, Utica G. C.; Horace Rawlings, Waumbek G. C.; H. T. Bawlings, Stataquda G. C.; R. W. Horeel, New York; D. S. Hunter, Meadowbrook; James Litster, Philadelphia Cricket Club; John Harland, Weslin G. C.; Robert White, Cincinnatt G. C.; J. D. Dunn, New York; John Tarker, Stockbridge G. C.; Chris Magrath, Franklin Park G. C.; John Forman, Ardsley; Willie Tu, ker, St. Andrew's. The amateurs are:

H. C. Leeds, Myopla; J. A. Tyng, Morris County; J. brook; H. R. Sweny, Atoany a. C.; Q. A. Shaw, Brookine; G. F. Ricc, Myopia; E. E. Jones, Myopia. The course, which measures 2,960 yards in playing length, somewhat resembles Meadow-brook in general characteristics, but it is more difficult. It is in the best of order. Laurence Curtis, President of the U. S. G. A., and R. Bage Kerr, the Secretary, were on the links yesterday, and will manage the competition to-morrow. There will be scorers for each pair. The play begins at 10 in the morning.

J. D. Dunn and Willie Hoar, the professional of Dayton. O., to continue to-day's event, played a foursome with Littler and H. Rawlings. Dunn and Hoar won by 3 up and 2 to play. Hoar won fourth prize in the open tournament last year, He played from the Baltimore Country Club. There is some trouble about his entrance. He telegraphed his entry on June 11, a day too late under the conditions, and as he heard nothing from Kerr he has come on to play. The professionals are willing to let Hoar play, but it is doubtful if he can start. Willie Dunn and Wille Ic Campbell played a match at eighteen holes.

lie Campbell played a match at eighteen holes At the ninth hole Campbell was 3 up, and the

Twenty-four golfers finished the preliminary rounds yesterday in the first open tournament of the Powelton Club at Newburg. The course is a very good one of nine holes, 2.617 yards long. Most of the competitors were from the home club, but the lowest score honors were divided between A. De Witt Cochrans of St. Andrew's and Archibald Graham, scratch man at the North Jersey Country Club. Each did the eighteen holes in 94 strokes Next in order was Daubeney Brandresh, with 97, and James S. Taylor of the home club followed with 99. The first sixteen players qualified to compete at first sixteen players qualified to compete at first sixteen players qualified to compete at match play for the Powelton Cup. They are, with scores:



Cup resulted as follows:

Allen beat Adriance, by 2 up and 1 to play; Jenniurs beat ilryant, by 1 up; Cochrane beat Chadwick, Jr. by 2 up; Handrigh beat Tiffany, by 1 up; Halton beat Waldron, by 6 up and 4 to play; Graham beat Taylor, by 1 up (twenty holes); Joya beat Eunever, by 4 up and 2 to play; Collingwood beat Smlib, by 6 up and 2 to play; Collingwood beat Smlib, by 6 up and 2 to play.

up and 2 to play.

For the Consolation Cup the first match play round resulted as follows:

Havens beat Headley, by 2 up and 1 to play: Berknap beat Crosby, by default: Mitchell beat lanker, by 1 up. Jones beat Thomas Chadwick, by 5 up and 3 to ORANGE June 16 .- The Essex County Country

Club golfers easily defeated the team of the

Rockaway Golf Club on the Hutton Park course this afternoon by 4 holes. The scores: Howard A. Colby S Mr. Futhingham ... T. Reid 98 D Pelton ... F M. Harrison 0 Mr. Perkins ... Total 5 Total

PITTS URG. June 16 .- Only four of the golf lubs that had entered for the tournament at the Aliegheny Country Club I nks showed up to-day. The Westchester and Detroit teams did not appoar, and Dr. L. A. Biddle of the Philadelphia Country Club was the only representative of his club present. He qualified for the singles to-morrow. The trophy, a silver cup offered by the Aliegheny Country Club, was won by the danor. The course, nine holes, was gone over four times. Proctor made the lowest individual scar-, 170, by good all-round playing. John Moerhoad's 171 was made chiefly by good approaching and putting. James Park of Staten Island tied Moorhead for second place. To-morrow those who made 186 strokes will engage in singles for a silver trophy. The finals for the Allegheny Country Club I nks showed up

this match and a handleap for a cup will be played on Saturday. Sorres to-day: "All Americans

1,05

Do not drink ice-water," gravely writes an observant Frenchman. No, indeed; many Americans have learned from painful experience what a dangerous drink ice-water is. They would almost as soon think of swallowing carbolic acid. They drink cool water, into which they pour a little of Duffy's Pure

Malt Whiskey,

which is a wholesome stimulant, and neutralizes the power of disease-breeding germs so often present in drinkingwater. This whiskey prevents the painful intestinal troubles that are traceable directly to impure drinking-water.

Be sure your druggist or grocer gives you the genuine Duffy's.

PAGET COLORS IN FRONT. JEAN BEREAUD WINS THE TREMONT STAKES FOR HIS NEW OWNER.

leary of Mayarra's Brother, the Musuamet Captures the Brooklyn Berby-Semper Ege and Rona Bra Score for Bromley & Co. Brilliant Wind-Up to the Gravesend Meeting

the sunny lawns and grand stands. The Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, and all of those most prominent in society and sporting circles were present. A number of Americans were also in attendance, including Richard Croker. Summary: Jean Bereaud mounted another step on the ladler of fame yesterday by winning the rich Trenont Stakes of \$10,000 at Gravesend. It was the final day of the Brooklyn Jockey Club's spring meeting and 5,000 enthusiastic followers of the 'sport of kings" turned out to see two of the nost important events on the schedule decided. The weather was clear and cool and at times dmost chilly when the sea breezes found their —Whiripool. 2 - A Cartouche III., aged, by Kimbolton—Warrego. 2 - Torerolo's ch. b. Cartouche III., aged, by Kimbolton—Warrego. 2 - A Cartouche III. 5 - The letting was 7 to 2 against Eff III. 5 to 15 against The Rush, and 5 to 7 against Cartouche III.

Pierre Lorillard's br. g. Sandia was the winner of the race for the thirty-fifth New Blennial Stakes of 15 sovereigns each, with 500 sovereigns added. Five horses started. The betting was 6 to 4 against Sandia. way into the shady pooks of the clubbouse and grand stand. The unexpected nip in the air grand stand. The unexpected hip in the signated blke a tonic on the visitors and they moved about in picturesque groups on the laws at intervals instead of nursing their seats in a half limp condition. This unwonted activity among the regulars also led to frequent trips to the paddock and the betting ring, and the scene was brimful of life and interest throughout. Jean Bereaud held quite a reception in the paddock, but if his boy had not the number on his arm the colt would never have been picked out as a factor smong such sturdy-looking opponents as Frobsinn, Klugdon, Miller and Croker. The modest-looking racing machine did not catch the public eye until Sloas mounted in a glistening suit of Sydney Paget's colors, light blue jacket and brown cap. He led the brief parade and looked much more workmanlike when "cleared for action" than while he was ambling around the paddock. In view of the fact that Jean was carrying three pounds more than Kingdon and ten more than the others, the bookmakers had the hardihood to lay it of against his chances. This was freely accepted by the regulars, who had seen him win his other stakes, and it was said that the stable invested \$10,000 in a fancy bet on its new purchase. Frobsinn ruled second cholce at 7 to 2. acted like a tonic on the visitors and they Brink Bidding for Dwyer Moroes at the Before racing began at Gravesend yesterday William Easton conducted a sale of thoroughbreds in training, which attracted a representative gathering of horsemen to the paddock. The lots offered were from the stables of P. J. and M. F. Dwyer and Sidney Paget. The star of the collection was F. J. Dwyer's useful three-year-old Sanders, by Hanover. After some spirited bidding, he was purchased by A. J. Alexander for \$5,200. Handpress went to J. Hynes for \$1,300, and lost no time in trying to win herself out, as she ran second in the fifth race of the day with the attractive place edds of 5 to 1 against her. Sydney Paget secured the speedy three-year-old froquols filly, Miss Miriam, for \$2,000, and the rest went at moder-ste writes. Summary: by the regulars, who had soon him win his other stakes, and it was said that the stable invested \$10,000 in a fancy bet on its new purchase. Frohsing ruled second choice at 7 to 2, with Miller next in demand at 12 to 1. Kingdon was quoted at 30 to 1 and Croker at 50 to 1. Miller was the first to show after a beautiful break, but Kingdon seen took command and brought the bunch along at a merry clip, with the favorite lying second. Turning into the stretch Frohsing of his neck in front of Jean Bercaud and there was a hysterical cry of "the favorite's beaten." Opposite the betting ring Bercaud and there was a hysterical cry of "the favorite's beaten." Opposite the betting ring Bercaud and there was a hysterical cry of the favorite's consequence of the control of Jean Bercaud and there was a prand race, and the onlookers ceased their clamor under the nervous strain of the moment. Whips were cracking on all sides except where the favorite was running freely under the careful nursing of Sloan. Frohsing outfooted Kingdon in the final cash for the line, but Jean Bercaud ranged alongside at the critical time and beat him by a head on the post. Kingdon dropped back two lengths in the drive, but lasted long enough to beat Miller six lengths for third money. The winning horse and jockey were cheered to the echo, and W. C. Whitney and Sydney Paget, who watched the race, were overwhelmed with congratulations

The excitement had scarcely subsided when the fire three-year-olds engaged were ready to go to the pest for the Brooklyn Derby of \$10,000. The distance was a mile and a half, and most of the experts agreed that M. F. Dwy-er's Previous, with Sloan up, held his rivals safe. The Meddler colt was accordingly installed a hot odds-on favorite at 9 to 20, while 11 to 5 was posted against the chances of The Huguenot, ridden by Spencer, Central Trust, Handball, and Latson were at outsized. 2.000 Hynes ... 1,800 Holden ch. c. 2, by Sir Dixon-Daphne; E. Topkins, ch. c., 2, by Hanover-Eloise; R. C. 500 150 100

Huguenot, ridden by Spencer. Central Trust, Handball, and Latson were at outsite odds. The last-named colt was quickly played at the last moment "to show." The Huguenot broke in front, but was quickly steadied, and Provious toek up the running. The Huguenot raced to the front for a moment at the mile but let Previous away again, and the Dwyer colt led into the stretch by two lengths. Then Spencer let The Huguenot down, and Henry of Navarre's brother came clean away and won easily by two lengths. Latson wound up in third position, fifteen lengths back of Previous and three lengths clear of Central Trust. The summary:

FIRST RACE. Belling: for two-year-olds; \$600 added, of which 100 to second and \$50 to third; allowances; five furlongs: Hardy Campbell's br. c. Mr. Clay, by Darebin-Miss Clay, 110 (8ims). W. C. Daly's b. f. Lepida, 97 (O'Campa) Olay, 110 (Sims). W.C. Daly's b. f. Lepida. 97 (O'Conpor). Rogers & Rose's b. c. Cormorant, 115 (B. Williams). I Falseban, King's Pride, Strangest, and Dr. Parket

also ran. also ran.

Time, 1:024.

Betting—Eleven to 5 against Mr. Clay, 4 to 1 Le.
plda, 4 to 1 Cormorant, 15 to 1 Falseban, 10 to 5
King's Pride, 60 to 1 Strangest, 5 to 1 Dr. Parker. SECOND RACE.

Handleap, for three-year-olds and upward; \$800 added, of which \$125 to second and \$75 to third one mile and a futions: added, of which \$125 to second and \$75 to third one mile and a furiong: Bromley & Co's b. & Semper Ego, 5 by Logic— La Sylphide, 128 (Tara) Carrothers & McDonald's b. b. Howard Mann, 5, 119 (Hamilton) (Hamilton)
Marcus Daly's ch.c. Isidor, 4, 122 (Sims).
Tragediau, Ben Eder, Atlantus and Meriin also ran
Betting—Eight to 5 against Semper Ego, 25 to 1
Howard Mann, 4 to 1 Isidor, 2 to 1 Tragedian, 8 to 1
Ben Eder, 20 to 1 Atlantus, 60 to 1 Merlin.

THIRD RACE.

The Tremont Stakes of \$10,000; for two-year-olds; \$250 each, baif forfeit, or \$30 if declared by Jan. 1898; the club to add an amount necessary to make the gross value of the race \$10,000, of which \$1,000 to second and \$500 to third; winners of a race of the value of \$5,000 to carry three pounds extra aom winners of \$2,500 allowed seven pounds; six furlows:

ness—Carrie C., 120 (Sloan)

J. E. Madden's br. c. Frohsins, 115 (Sims).

M. F. Dwyer's bc. Kingdon, 122 (R. Williams).

Miller and Croker also ran.

Time, 1:15.

Betting—Two to 1 on Jean Bersaud, 7 to 2 against Frohsins, 80 to 1 Kingdon, 12 to 1 Miller, 50 to 1 Croker.

FOURTH RACK.

The Brooklyn Derby of \$10,000; for three-year olds: \$250 each, \$100 forfeit; \$20 if declared by Jan 1, 1867, or \$50 if by Jan 1, 1868, the club to add as amount necessary to make the gross value of the race \$10,000, of which \$1,500 to second and \$500 to third non-winners of \$2,500 to 1868 allowed five pounds one mile and a half:
L. S. & W. P. Thompson's ch. c. The Huguenot, by Knight of Elieralis—Moss Rose, 182 (speaner).
M. F. Dwyer's b. c. Previous, 117 (Sloan).
Charles Littlefield, Jr.'s b. c. Latson, 117 (Littlefield.

Cuicago, June 16.—This was another poor day for favorites at Harlem, not one of them winning. The feature of the racing was the defeat of The Madamman and Boanerges by Timemaker. Summarias:
First ince—Six furlings.—Little Singer, 108 (Martin), 4 to 1, won; Tenoie, 108 (Gray), 7 to 5, second; Louis, 105 (Caywood), 8 to 1, third. Time, 117%, Second Race—Four and a haif furlings.—Judge Wilcox, 107 Martin), 2½ to 1, won; Alice B., 107 (Caywood), 7 to 1, second; The Diragoon, 110 (Shepherd), 4 to 1, third. Time, 6:57%;
Third Race—Six furlings.—The for Tal, 106 (Gray), 2 to 1, won; Neutral, 109 (Martin), 4 to 1, second; Carrie F., 103 (Ionaldson), cto 1, third. Time, 1:17%, Fourth Race—One mile.—Globe H., 99 (Flick), 7 to 5, wen; Swordsman, 108 (Shepherd), 5 to 1, second; Innumic, 05 (Gray), 2½ to 1, third. Time, 1:40%, Fifth Race—Six furlongs.—Timemaker, 106 (Gaywood), 17 to 10, won; The Manxman, 116 (Martin), 2½ to 1, second; Boanerges, 107 (W. Martin), even, third. Time, 1:16.
Sixin Race—Seven furlongs.—Werrenpoint, 106 (Rutter), 2 to 1, won; Howitser, 90 (Shepherd), 4 to 1, second; Nucleich, 103 (Turner), even, third. Time, 1:13%. Previous. 60 to 1 Lation. 60 to 1 Central Trust, 50 to 1 Handball.

FIFTH HACE.

Belling: for three-year-olds which have run and not won at this meeting: \$500 added, of which \$7i to second and \$50 to the discussion and \$10 to

SIXTH RACE. Hurdle handlesp; for four-year-olds and upwars 500 added, of which \$70 to second and \$30 to third

\$500 aded, of which \$70 to second and \$30 to third two miles, over sight hurdles:
F. R. & T. Hittencock's ch. m. Forget, 5, by Exile—
Foraver, 151 (English)
L. Waterbury's ch. g. Baby Hill, aged, 132 (Owens). f
W. C. Curtis's br. f. Valorous, 4, 152 (Wynn).
Hats Off and Brown Red sico ran.
Time, 3155.
Retting—Five to 4 on Forget, 5 to 2 against Bab;
Bill, 7 to 1 Valorous, 50 to 1 Bats Off, 10 to 1 Brows
Red.

INDIGESTION. Horsford's Acid Phosphate imparts to the stomach health and strength. Pleasant to take.